TenarisHydril Wedge 441® Connection

Scope

These guidelines apply specifically to the use of Wedge 441® connections. This document is part of the TenarisHydril Running Manual and provides an overview of best practices for this specific product. It should be used in conjunction with the rest of the sections within the TenarisHydril Running Manual.

Tenaris Field Service representative can modify these guidelines when circumstances dictate. Implementation will only occur if the specialist deems the modification to be non-detrimental to product integrity. All modifications need to be explained and agreed with the client representative prior to implementation and fully documented in the running report.

References

- FTD29356 Premium Connection Approved Thread Compounds.
- GDL31457 Recommended guidelines for the field inspection of TenarisHydril connections.
- GDL23352 Torque Application.
- GDL23355 Wedge™ Series Make up Acceptance.
- GDL23349 Pre-Running Preparation.
- GDL23351 Handling / Lift Plugs.

Equipment, Material & Documents

- 1. Verify the appropriate thread compound is available.
- 2. Refer to document FTD29356 for a list of compounds approved by Tenaris.
- Latest version of the specific Product Data Sheet can be obtained from Tenaris website. In case this is not available, request the data sheet from the local Technical Sales representative.

Pre-Running

- 1. Never move or handle pipe without the correct thread protectors securely in place.
- Ensure connections are clean and free of all debris and / or contaminants, cleaning methods employed should conform to the recommendations contained within TenarisHydril Running Manual (GDL23349 - Pre-Running Preparation).
- Verify all pipe and accessories have genuine TenarisHydril manufactured connections.
- 4. Visually inspect thread area prior to running, ensuring no damage is evident.
- Verify the compatibility of the Wedge 441[®] connection with accessories such as cement heads, safety valves, cross overs, etc.
- Verify material grade of all accessories ensuring compatibility with main string.

- 7. Tenaris recommends slip type elevators are used to run and pull Wedge 441[®].
- 8. Check the extension plate of the slip type elevators actuates on the handling plug flange ensuring the slips are set on the pipe body below the coupling.
- 9. Alternatively handling plugs can be used in conjunction with square shouldered elevators.
- **10.** Check availability of handling plugs, minimum of 3 to ensure efficiency of running process.
- **11.** Check the handling plugs are in good condition and fit correctly onto pipe.
- 12. Make up the plug by hand and then snug up tight with the assistance of a bar inserted into the holes of the flange. When correctly installed there should be no threads visible on the handling / lift plug nor should the box face contact the flange.
- 13. Check the handling plugs are genuine TenarisHydril threads.
- 14. Verify handling plug number and maximum lift capacity.
- 15. Never exceed the maximum lift capacity.
- **16.** Ensure handling plug OD / weight is compatible with the pipe connections.
- 17. Refer to GDL23351 Handling / Lift Plugs for the care and use of handling and lift plugs.
- **18.** Check the single joint and string elevators have sufficient clearance to slide over the coupling and seat against the handling / lift plug.

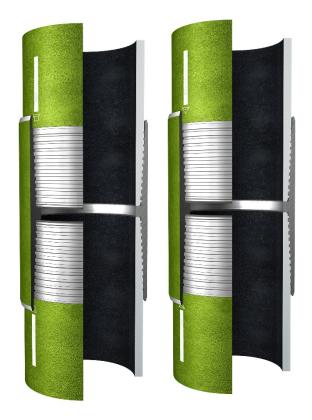
- **19**. Alternatively, ensure they fit snuggly on the pipe and seat against the coupling face.
- 20. Contact Tenaris for the maximum load capacity of the Wedge 441® coupling face.

Inspection

- Inspection criteria for Wedge[™] Series 400 connections are outlined in GDL31457, Recommended Guidelines for the Field Inspection of TenarisHydril Connections.
- Light scratches on pin nose are acceptable as long as there is no protruding metal.
- Particular attention should be paid to indentation/marks on coupling OD close to coupling face. Refer to GDL31457.

Wedge 441® Configuration

The diagram below is applicable to doped and Dopeless® variants.



Note different make up indicators.

Wedge 441® will have a black band in the center of the coupling in addition to the color bands identifying the steel grade.

Thread Compound Application





- 1. All storage compounds should be completely cleaned from the connections.
- Apply a thin coating of thread compound on the full pin end only, threads and pin nose, the thread form should be clearly visible.
- Do not apply running compound to the box end. If thread compound has been applied previously, remove before running.
- 4. If pipe is received from Tenaris as RunReady™ with running compound already applied, no additional cleaning or compound application is required prior to running. Remove thread protectors, redistribute thread compound on the pin with a clean brush to ensure homogeneous coverage of threads and pin nose.

Thread Lock Application



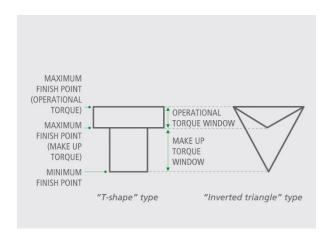


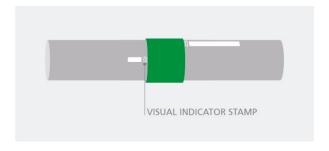
- Connections should be clean and dry when applying thread lock.
- 2. Thread lock should be applied to 50% of the threads at the back of the pin connection.
- 3. Running compound should then be applied to the threads at the back of the box connection.

Torque Application

- 1. Computer make up equipment is recommended for Wedge 441® connections.
- Set tong dump valve at optimum torque then test on pipe body.
- Apply the specified torques as indicated on the Wedge 441[®] data sheet. Do not apply thread compound manufacturer's friction factor.
- 4. The make up criteria for Wedge 441_{\odot} connection is the attainment of optimum torque along with the coupling face final position.

- **5**. When computer equipment is used, there is no need to verify the coupling face final position.
- 6. If computer equipment is not used, verify the final position of the coupling with the aid of the make up visual indicator stamp described in point 7 below. Frequency of verification should be agreed with the Tenaris Field Services Representative and documented in the running report. It is suggested to visually check the first 5 joints, then every 20 joints during the job.
- 7. Wedge 441® is correctly assembled when both box faces finish within the region of the visual indicator stamp corresponding to the torque applied, as detailed below:
- The visual indicator can be either a T-shaped stamp, or alternatively an inverted triangle stamp. Both of them have the same function and are equivalent, with the triangular one being the latest design for improved visibility. Refer to sketches below.
- If using data sheet make up torques, coupling face should finish within the make up torque window.
- If exceeding maximum data sheet make up torque, the coupling face should finish anywhere within the minimum finish point and maximum finish point for operational torque.
- It is possible the pin nose may contact the box shoulder on either side (field end or mill end).



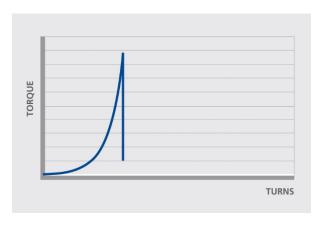


VISUAL INDICATOR STAMP

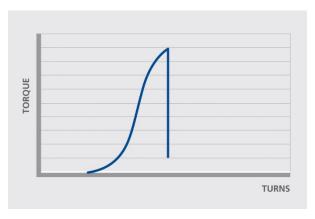
- 8. On the first connection make up:
- Once optimum torque has been attained relax the tong.
- Draw a longitudinal line across pin and box and re-apply optimum torque without breaking out the connection.
- If movement over 1" is witnessed for the drawn line on the field pin end:

- Check for factors that are absorbing the applied torque. Often the issue is caused by excessive application of thread compound. Recheck alignment and tong function, making adjustments as necessary.
- Draw a second line, re-apply optimum torque without breaking out the connection and check the new drawn line does not move beyond 1".
- Repeat this process without breaking out the connection until rotation is less than 1" after reapplying optimum torque.
- After repeating this process twice or more with rotation exceeding 1". Reduce the amount of thread compound on the following connection and repeat the process until less than 1" of rotation occurs on the first make up attempt.
- Only if the re-application of torque does not result in movement above 1" continue running the rest of the string normally applying optimum torque once only along with the adjusted amount of thread compound.
 - 9. Refer to GDL23352, Torque Application.
 - 10. When thread locking Wedge 441® connections apply optimum torque at low RPM. Then relax the tong and reapply optimum torque once. Verify that the correct final position is reached.
 - **11.** When mixing weights / grades ensure compatibility of design and proceed as follows:
- Place back up tong on the pipe body below the coupling for making up connections.
- If using recommended make up torques, apply the optimum make up torque value corresponding to the weight/grade of pin member to be assembled.

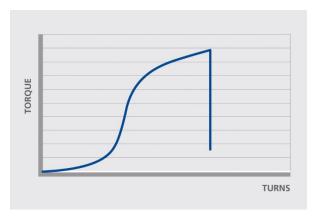
- If using operational torques, apply the lower operational torque value of the two connections.
- Operational torque of all connections within a Wedge 441[®] string with mixed grades / weights is that of the lower grade or weight.
 - 12. Coupling rotation when applying make up torque is acceptable as long as both sides of coupling stay within the appropriate make up windows for the torque applied.
 - 13. When computer equipment is used, reference torque should be set at 5% of optimum torque.
 - **14.** Set the computer turns to 2 initially, then adjust as necessary to attain good graph depiction.
 - 15. Graph profiles should be similar to the ones below.



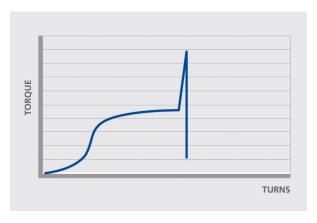
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EXAMPLE - COUPLING ROTATION

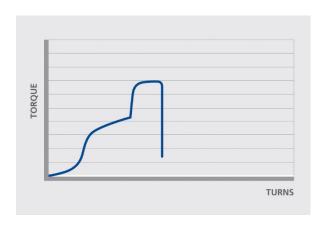


EXAMPLE - HIGH TORQUE & COUPLING ROTATION



EXAMPLE- HIGH TORQUE AND PIN/SHOULDER CONTACT

16. Below is an example of a non-acceptable graph on Wedge 441® due to yielding.



EXAMPLE - YIELDED CONNECTION

17. Refer to GDL23355, Wedge™ Series Make up Acceptance, for further explanation.

Running

- 1. The use of a stabbing guide is strongly recommended.
- 2. The use of slip type elevators with appropriate extension plate is strongly recommended.
- 3. The use of a safety clamp is strongly recommended.
- 4. The use of a weight compensator is strongly recommended for chrome, pipe with an OD ≥ 14" and stands of 3 joints ≥ 7".
- 5. To avoid cross threading stab pipe in a smooth controlled fashion ensuring the pipe is vertical when doing so, continue to support and stabilize the pipe throughout the make up operation.
- 6. Upon commencement of initial rotation use low RPM (5 RPM or below) in order to ensure the pipe has not cross threaded during stabbing. If cross threading is evident, immediately reverse rotate the pipe, completely disassemble, clean and inspect both connections.
- Maximum assembly speeds are indicated in the table below. These are applicable for running in singles with power tong or CRT and assuming ideal conditions.

MATERIAL	OD	SPIN IN RPM	FINAL MAKE-UP RPM
Carbon Steel	< 8 5/8"	40	15
	≥ 8 5/8"	25	10

8. Conditions may dictate lower assembly speeds than the maximums indicated. High winds or excessive-pipe movement among other variables will necessitate a lower RPM be used.

- 9. Walk chrome pipe all the way in to hand tight position, then apply power tong at low RPM (do not exceed 5 RPM) only for final make up.
- 10. Apply the back up tong on the pipe body below the coupling. Never apply the back up tong over the coupling.
- 11. A factor which may preclude complete assembly is excessive thread compound applied to the connection, reduce the quantity applied if this is the case.

Pulling

- 1. Automatic stabbing system or stabber is highly recommended to maintain pipe in a vertical position.
- 2. The use of slip type elevators is strongly recommended.
- 3. The use of a safety clamp is strongly recommended.
- 4. The use of a weight compensator is strongly recommended for chrome, pipe with an OD ≥ 14" and stands of three joints ≥ 7".
- Apply the back up tong on the pipe body below the coupling.
- **6.** Apply power tong in low RPM (3-5 RPM) to break out the connection, ensuring the pipe is stabilized during the break out process.
- 7. Do not exceed 15 RPM during spin out.
- It is recommended the stabbing guide is used when lifting the pin from the box to prevent hang up of the threads.

- 9. Visual inspection is recommended to classify the thread condition; any rejected connections should be clearly marked and segregated for further investigation.
- **10**. Apply clean, dry thread protectors after applying storage compound on clean, dry connections.
- **11.** Storage / thread compound should always be applied to connections post job, even rejects.

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